

What you need to know about the new thin cap rules

Exposure Draft Legislation

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What we are covering today





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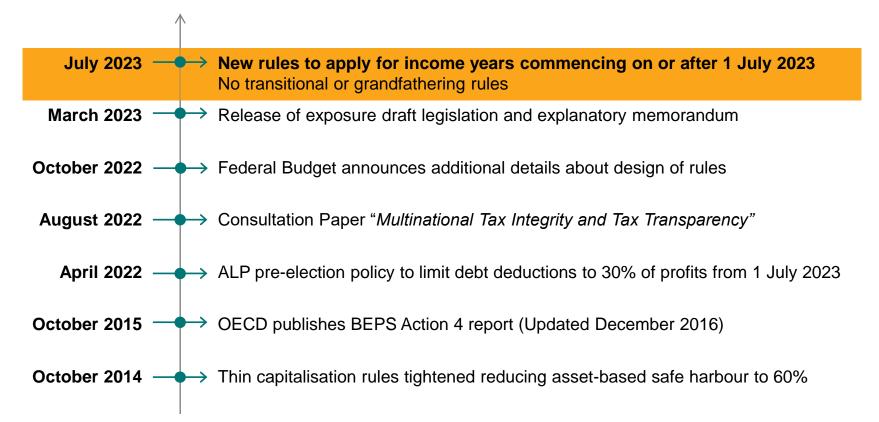
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Three new earnings-based tests Impact on interest deductibility from 1 July 2023 Thin cap calculator tool

Next steps



New thin capitalisation rules Background





New thin capitalisation rules Who is subject to thin cap?

Scope of rules largely unchanged



Entities must have multinational presence

i.e. "inward" or "outward" entities

Purely domestic entities not subject to thin cap

\$2mExisting exceptions retained\$2m90%annual de minimis
(on "associate entity"
inclusive-basis)Australian asset exception
for outward entitiesInsolvency remote
special purpose entities and
securitisation vehicles





Overview of new earnings-based tests

Earnings-based thin capitalisation tests Overview

New tests imposing limit on entity's annual debt deductions				
Fixed Ratio Test	Group Ratio Test	External Third-Party Debt Test		
Tax EBITDA x 30%	Tax EBITDA x group ratio	Actual debt deductions on eligible borrowings		
Net debt deductions	Net debt deductions	Gross debt deductions		
Default method	Elective method	Elective method (one-in, all-in)		
15-year carry forward of denied deductions	No carry forward of denied amounts & forfeiture of prior	No carry forward of denied amounts & forfeiture of prior		

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Applies to "general class investors"

- Entities subject to thin cap
- Not "financial entities"







Fixed Ratio Earnings Limit = 30% x Tax EBITDA

Tax EBITDA

Taxable income or (loss)

Add net debt deductions – gross debt deductions less interest income Add tax depreciation including capital works – does not include balancing adjustments Add prior year tax losses deducted in the income year

Excess of net debt deductions over Fixed Ratio Earnings Limit are denied



EXAMPLE 1

Fixed Ratio Test

Accounting profit	\$10,000,000	Assume total assets of \$10,000,000 and total debt of \$6,000,000 (within current safe-harbour)	
Gross operating income	\$20,000,000		Fixed Ratio Test
Deductible	(\$10,000,000)	Taxable Income (Starting)	\$4,000,000
operating expenses		Tax EBITDA	\$10,000,000
•	Fixed Ratio Earnings Limit		\$3,000,000
Gross interest income	\$100,000	Net debt deductions	\$3,600,000
Gross interest deductions	(\$3,700,000)	Deductions denied and carried forward	\$600,000
Tax depreciation	(\$2,400,000)	Taxable Income (Final)	\$4,600,000



Fixed Ratio Test

Accounting loss	(\$5,000,000)	Assume total assets of \$10,000,000 and total debt of \$6,000,000 (within current safe-harbour)		
Crees	¢10,000,000		Fixed Ratio Test	
Gross operating	\$10,000,000	Tax Loss (Starting)	(\$3,000,000)	
income		Tax EBITDA	\$2,000,000	
Deductible operating	(\$8,000,000)	Fixed Ratio Earnings Limit	\$600,000	
expenses		Net debt deductions	\$3,000,000	
Interest deductions	(\$3,000,000)	Deductions denied & carried forward	\$2,400,000	
Tax depreciation	(\$2,000,000)	Taxable Loss (Final)	(\$600,000)	

In loss scenarios, tax losses effectively converted to carry-forward FRT disallowed amounts



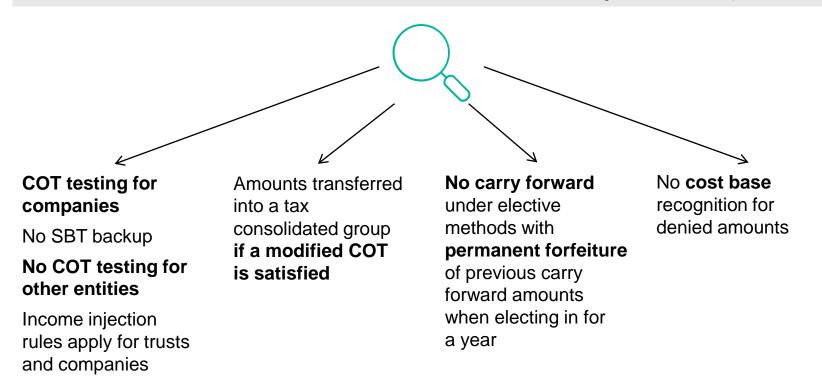
Fixed Ratio Test

Accounting loss	(\$1,000,000)	Assume total assets of \$10,000,000 and total debt of \$6,000,000 (within current safe-harbour)		
			Fixed Ratio Test	
Gross operating	\$10,000,000	Taxable Income (Starting)	\$0	
income		Tax EBITDA	\$4,000,000	
Deductible operating	(\$6,000,000)	Fixed Ratio Earnings Limit	\$1,200,000	
expenses		Net debt deductions	\$3,000,000	
Interest deductions	(\$3,000,000)	Deductions denied & carried forward	\$1,800,000	
Tax depreciation	(\$500,000)	Taxable Income (Final)	\$1,800,000	
Tax losses deducted	(\$500,000)			



Fixed Ratio Test Carry forward rule

Able to be carried forward FRT disallowed amounts for the **next 15 years** following the denial





Fixed Ratio Test

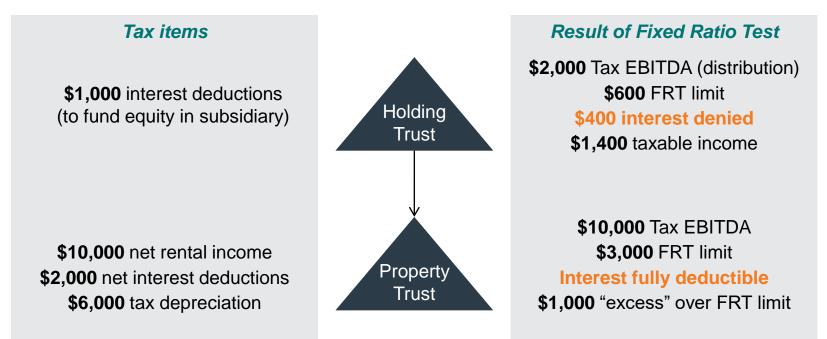
Later year deduction is excess of FRT limit over net debt deductions for the year

	Year 1	Year 2
Net operating income	\$100,000	\$100,000
Interest deductions	(\$80,000)	-
Interest income	\$10,000	-
	Fixed Ratio Test	Fixed Ratio Test
Taxable Income (Starting)	\$30,000	\$100,000
Tax EBITDA	\$100,000	\$100,000
Fixed Ratio Earnings Limit	\$30,000	\$30,000
Net debt deductions	\$70,000	-
Deductions denied	\$40,000	-
Carry forward balance	\$40,000	\$10,000
Utilisation of prior year disallowed FRT amounts	-	\$30,000
Taxable Income (Final)	\$70,000	\$70,000



Fixed Ratio Test Grouping issues

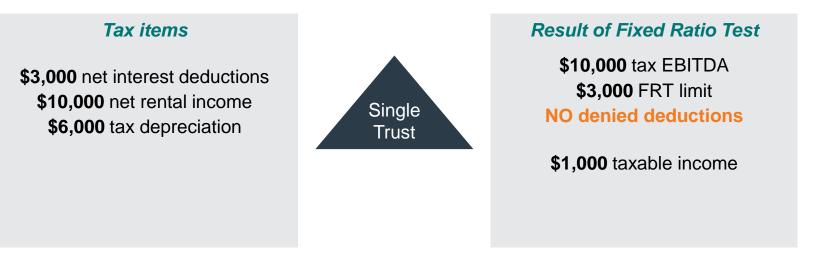
No carry forward of excess capacity **OR** ability to pick up excess capacity of associates





Fixed Ratio Test Grouping issues

Aggregation into single entity effectively utilises excess capacity





Fixed Ratio Test – Restructuring arrangements

Accounting profit	\$10,000,000	Assume total assets of \$10,000,000 and total debt of \$6,000,000 (within current safe-harbour)				
Gross operating income	\$20,000,000		Fixed Ratio Test	Extra interest income	Extra operating income	
Deductible	(\$10,000,000)	Taxable Income (Starting)	\$4,000,000	\$4,600,000	\$6,000,000	
operating	(+,,,	Tax EBITDA	\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$12,000,000	
expenses Gross interest	Fixed Ratio	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,600,000		
income		Net debt deductions	\$3,600,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,600,000	
Gross interest deductions	(\$3,700,000)	Deductions denied & carried forward	\$600,000	\$0	\$0	
Tax depreciation	(\$2,400,000)	Taxable Income (Final)	\$4,600,000	\$4,600,000	\$6,000,000	

Beware potential application of **Part IVA** for restructuring to maximise deduction



Group Ratio Earnings Limit = Tax EBITDA x Group Ratio

Group Ratio Test

- Excess of **net** debt deductions over Group Ratio Limit denied
- Based on audited consolidated financial statements
- Requires irrevocable election for the year by tax return lodgment day
- Election invalid if Group EBITDA is negative
- No carry forward of denied deductions



Group Ratio Test

As disclosed in audited consolidated financial statements

Include interest-like amounts and exclude amounts from dealings with associate entities (on a 10%+ control basis)

Crown Datia -	Group net third party interest expense		
Group Ratio =	Group EBITDA		
	Ve der		nses) + net interest expense + tion expenses
		Similar adjustment for in associate entity dealings	terest-like amounts and
		Exclude individual entiti	es with a negative EBITDA



Group Ratio Test

Aus Co		Aus Co wo	orldwide group		
Net operating income	\$1,000,000	Net profit (before taxes)		\$50,000,000	Α
Net interest expenses (third party)	(\$500,000)	Net interest expenses (total)		(\$70,000,000)	В
Net interest expenses (associate)	(\$150,000)	Net interest expenses (associate)		(\$20,000,000)	С
Interest income	\$50,000	Sum of negative EBITDA		(\$10,000,000)	D
Tax depreciation	(\$200,000)	entities		(
		Depreciation and amortisation		(\$15,000,000)	E
	Grou	ıp Ratio			
\$70,000,000 (B) - \$20,000,000 (C)		\$50,000,000	100/	,
\$50,000,000 (A) + \$70,00 \$10,000,000 (D)	0,000 (B) - \$20,000,0) + \$15,000,000 (E)	000 (C) +	\$125,000,000	— = 40%	D



EXAMPLE 5

Group Ratio Test

	Fixed Ratio Test	Group Ratio Test
Taxable Income (Starting)	\$200,000	\$200,000
Tax EBITDA	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Applicable Ratio	30%	40%
Earnings Limit	\$300,000	\$400,000
Net debt deductions	\$600,000	\$600,000
Deductions denied	\$300,000 (carry forward)	\$200,000 (permanent denial)
Taxable Income (Final)	\$500,000	\$400,000

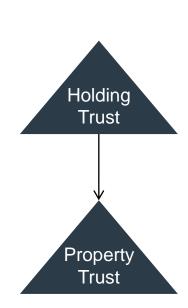


Group Ratio Test Tax vs accounting impacts

Tax items

\$1,000 interest deductions (to fund equity in subsidiary)

\$10,000 net rental income\$2,000 net interest deductions\$6,000 tax depreciation



	Group financial statements Year 1	Group financial statements Year 2
Net rental income	\$10,000	\$10,000
Interest expense	\$3,000	\$3,000
Asset revaluation / (impairment)	\$20,000	(\$9,000)
Depreciation and amortisation	\$0	\$0
Net third party interest	\$3,000	\$3,000
Group EBITDA	\$30,000	\$1,000
Group ratio	<u>\$3,000</u> \$30,000 = 10%	<u>\$3,000</u> \$1,000 = 300%



External Third Party Debt Test

Allows entity to deduct interest to extent of genuine third-party borrowings

Replaces arm's length debt test for general class investors AND financial entities (non-ADIs)

Requires irrevocable election for the year by tax return lodgment day

One-in, all-in requiring all associate entities subject to thin cap to make same election for the year (other than financial entities)

No carry forward of denied deductions



External Third Party (ETP) Debt Test

Disallows excess of gross debt deductions over ETP earnings limit

ETP earnings limit = Actual deductions for the year incurred in relation to external third-party debt



Debt must be issued to and held by non-associate entity (on a 10%+ control basis)

No requirement to be issued to "commercial lending institution"



Lender has no recourse beyond entity's assets

Cross-collateralisation may cause failure



Funds from third party lender solely used to fund Australian investments and/or operations

Failure of single condition could result in nil ETP earnings limit as election may remain valid



External third party debt test

Conduit financer rule

Allows related-party debt to satisfy external third-party conditions

Conduit financer

Raises external debt that meets conditions

One or more associated borrowers

Issue debt to conduit financer

Financed by conduit financer only from proceeds of external debt

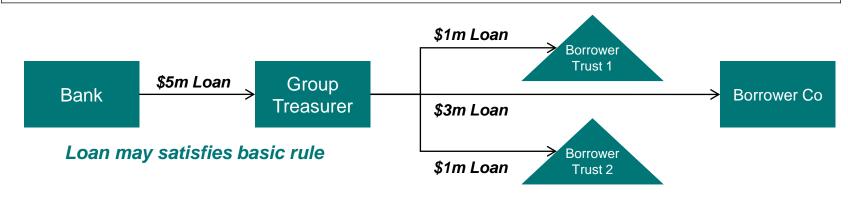
Further conditions

Amounts on-lent on same terms

External lender recourse limited to assets of conduit financier and all borrowers

Additional election required

PITCHER PARTNERS

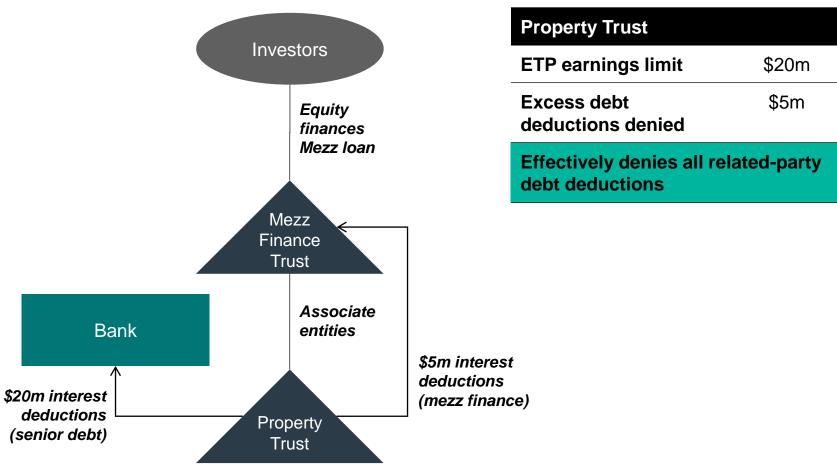


Loans may satisfy conduit financer rule



EXAMPLE 6

External third party debt test





External third party debt test

Aus Co		Aus Co worldwide group		
Net operating income	\$1,000,000	Net profit (before taxes)	\$50,000,0	
Net interest expenses (third party)	(\$500,000)	Net interest expenses (total)	(\$70,000,0	
		Net interest expenses	(\$20,000,0	
Net interest expenses (associate)	(\$150,000)	(associated)	X	
		Sum of negative EBITDA	(\$10,000,0	
Interest income	\$50,000	entities		
Tax depreciation	(\$200,000)	Depreciation and amortisation	(\$15,000,0	



External third party debt test

	Fixed Ratio Test	Group Ratio Test	External third party debt test	
Taxable Income (Starting)	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
Tax EBITDA	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	N/A	
Applicable Ratio	30%	40%	N/A	
Earnings Limit	\$300,000	\$400,000	\$500,000	
Gross debt deductions			\$650,000	
Net debt deductions	\$600,000	\$600,000		
Deductions denied	\$300,000 (carry forward)	\$200,000 (permanent denial)	\$150,000 (permanent denial)	
Taxable Income (Final)	\$500,000	\$400,000	\$350,000	



Other changes in Exposure Draft





Repeal of section 25-90 deduction

Interest to fund tax-exempt foreign dividends to become non-deductible

Expanded meaning of debt deduction

Not limited to amounts incurred in relation to debt interests



Limiting scope of "financial entity"

Removal of *Financial* Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001 registered corporations



Transfer pricing amendments

Transfer pricing analysis must now consider both quantum and price of related-party cross-border debt



Next steps

1 July 2023 Start Date



Model 2024 and later income year outcomes

Consider feasibility of elective methods



Review structure of financing arrangements

Consider restructuring existing borrowings and future funding mix

Monitor release of final legislation



Pitcher Partners Thin Cap Tool

Total denied deductions

EARNINGS FOR THE IN	RNINGS BASED MODEL GROUP BASED THIN CAPITALISATION MODULE NCOME YEAR 30 JUNE 2023 ITABASE INFORMATION		Refresh All Data		
Entity det	ail database				
			VARIABLES SUMMARY FIXED BATIO LIMIT GROUP RATIO LIMIT EXTERNAL UMIT TAX INCOME		
Entities	16		Autocomplete Autocomplete Autocomplete Autocomplete Autocomplete Yes Yes Yes Yes No		
Abrv		Associate ntity grou	SUMMARY RESULTS FOR EARNINGS LIMIT METHODS		
1	Big Bird Trust	A	SUMMARY RESULTS FOR EARNINGS LIMIT METHODS		
2	Elmo Trust	A			
3	Count Trust	A		E alla d	5-11-0
4	Snuffa Trust	A	CALCULATION CALC REFERENCE WP REF	Entity 1	Entity 2
5	Cookie Trust	A	ASSOCIATE ENTITY GROUP DETAILS	A	Α
6	Oscar Trust	A	ENTITY CLASS	Entity	Entity
7	XYZ Pty Ltd	A		· ·	-
8	ABC Pty Ltd	A	TYPE OF ENTITY	Trust	Trust
9	MNO Pty Ltd	A			
10	Grover Trust	А	ETL applies to all associate entities >= 10%	No	No
11	Abby Trust	A			
12	Bert Trust	А		(
13	Ernie Trust	А	GRT election	Yes	Yes
14	Kermit Trust	A	Election to use the GRT method	Yes	Yes
15	Guy Trust	A		103	105
Group	Group Accs	A	GRT cannot be elected where the entity must chose the ETL method		
			Total denied deductions under the chosen method		
			Mathed shares	CPT Mathad	CPT Mathed
			Method chosen	GRT Method	GRT Method



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